

## P E R S O N N E L

Officers and employees to whom this title applies shall be entitled to annual leave with pay which shall accrue as follows:

- (1) one half day for each full biweekly pay period in the case of officers and employees with less than three years of service,
- (2) three-fourths day for each full biweekly pay period (except that the accrual for the last full biweekly pay period in the year shall be one and one-fourth days) in the case of officers and employees with three but less than fifteen years of service, and
- (3) one day for each full biweekly pay period in the case of officers and employees with fifteen years or more of service. (Public Law 233, Sec. 203 (a), Approved October 30, 1951).

Alien employees who occupy positions outside of the several States and the District of Columbia may, in the discretion of the head of the department or agency concerned, be granted leave of absence with pay not in excess of the amount of annual and sick leave allowable under this title in the case of citizen employees. (Public Law 233, Sec. (g), Approved October 30, 1951).

203

The annual leave provided in this section, including such leave as will accrue to any officer or employee during the year, may be granted at any time during such year as the heads of the various departments and independent establishments may prescribe. (Public Law 233, Sec. 203 (h), Approved October 30, 1951).

Officers and employees to whom this title applies shall be entitled to sick leave with pay, which shall accrue on the basis of one-half day for each full biweekly pay period. The sick leave provided for in this section, which is not used by an officer or employee during the year in which it accrues, shall accumulate and be available for use in succeeding years. Not to exceed thirty days sick leave may be advanced in cases of serious disability or ailments and when required by the exigencies of the situation. (Public Law 233, Sec. 204 § a, b, c), Approved October 30, 1951). (See Public Law 233 for complete instructions.

Section 603 (b) and section 603 (c) of the Classification Act of 1949 amended to increase the basic rates of compensation of certain officers and employees of the Federal Government. See Public Law 201 for salary tables and details. (Public Law 201, approved October 24, 1951).

Central Intelligence Agency is authorized to employ and to pay the compensation of not more than fifteen retired officers or warrant officers of the armed services while performing service for the Agency, but while so serving such retired officer or warrant officer will be entitled to receive only the compensation of his position with the Agency. (Public Law 53, approved June 26, 1951).

Whoever solicits or receives anything of value in consideration of aiding a person to obtain employment under the United States either by referring his name to an executive department or agency of the United States or by requiring the payment of a fee because such person has secured such employment shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. This section shall not apply to such services rendered by an employment agency pursuant to the written request of an executive department or agency of the United States. (Public Law 141, approved September 13, 1951).

Such military and naval personnel as may be detailed for duty with agencies not a part of the Department of Defense on a reimbursement basis may be employed in addition to the numbers otherwise authorized and appropriated for. (Public Law 179, Sec. 608, Approved October 18, 1951).

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or is a member of an organization that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence, etc. (Public Law 179, Sec. 629, Approved October 18, 1951).

An act to amend section/of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (P.L. 110) by the addition of subsection "f" as follows:

"(f) (1) Notwithstanding section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1894 (28 Stat. 205), as amended ( 5 U.S.C.A. 62), or any other law prohibiting the employment of any retired commissioned or warrant officer of the armed services, the Agency is hereby authorized to employ and to pay the compensation of not more than fifteen retired officers or warrant officers of the armed services while performing service for the Agency, but while so serving such retired officer or warrant officer will be entitled to receive only the compensation of his position with the Agency, or his retired pay, whichever he may elect.

"(2) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the appointment of and payment of compensation to retired officers or warrant officers not presently or hereafter prohibited by law". (Public Law 53, Approved June 26, 1951).

Unless otherwise specified and during the current fiscal year, no part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States (including any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States) whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person (1) is a citizen of the United States, (2) is a person in the service of the United States on the date of enactment of this Act, who, being eligible for citizenship, had filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States prior to such date, or (3) is a person who owes allegiance to the United States: Provided, That for the purpose of this section, an affidavit signed by any such person shall be considered prima facie evidence that the requirements of this

section with respect to this status have been complied with: etc. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1302, Approved November 1, 1951).

No part of any appropriation for the current fiscal year contained in this or any other Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve of the nomination of said person. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1304, Approved November 1, 1951).

No payment shall be made from appropriations in this Act or any other to any officer on the retired lists of the Regular Army, Regular Navy, Regular Marine Corps, Regular Air Force, Regular Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service for a period of two years after retirement who for himself or for others is engaged in the selling of or contracting for the sale of or negotiating for the sale of to any agency of the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Public Health Service any supplies or war materials. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1309, Approved November 1, 1951).

Personnel, and appropriations or funds available for salaries and expenses to any department, agency, or corporation in the executive branch of the Government, shall be transferred to any defense activity under the jurisdiction of such department or agency in such numbers or amounts as may be necessary for the discharge of responsibilities relating to the national defense assigned to such department, agency, or corporation by or pursuant to law. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1312, Approved November 1, 1951).

Except for the automobiles officially assigned to the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, automobiles assigned for operation by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and one-half of the chauffeur-driven automobiles in operation in the Departments on July 1, 1951, no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any civilian employee of the Government in the District of Columbia whose primary duties consist of acting as chauffeur of any Government-owned passenger motor vehicle (other than a bus or ambulance), unless such appropriation specifically authorized to be used for paying the compensation of employees performing such duties. (Public Law 188, Sec. 605, Approved October 22, 1951).

F I S C A L

No part of the funds of, or available for expenditure by any corporation or agency included in this or any other Act, including the Government of the District of Columbia, shall be available to pay for annual leave accumulated by any civilian officer or employee during the calendar year 1951 and unused at the close of business on June 30, 1952: Provided, That after July 1, 1951, no civilian officer or employee shall be entitled to earn annual leave at a rate in excess of twenty days per year: Provided further, That the head of any such corporation or agency shall afford an opportunity for officers or employees to use the annual leave accumulated under this section prior to June 30, 1952: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to officers and employees whose post of duty is outside the continental United States: And provided further, That this section shall not apply with respect to the payment of compensation for accumulated annual leave in the case of officers or employees who leave their civilian positions for the purpose of entering upon active military or naval service in the Armed Forces of the United States. (Public Law 137, Sec. 601, approved August 31, 1951).

Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 amended by striking out all after clause 3 of the proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"4. That in the event of any such assignment, the assignee thereof shall file written notice of the assignment together with a true copy of the instrument of assignment with (a) the contracting officer or the head of his department or agency; (b) the surety or sureties upon the bond or bonds, if any, in connection with such contract; and (c) the disbursing officer, if any, designated in such contract to make payment.

"Notwithstanding any law to the contrary governing the validity of assignments, any assignment pursuant to the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940, as amended, shall constitute a valid assignment for all purposes.

"In any case in which moneys due or to become due under any contract are or have been assigned pursuant to this section, no liability of any nature of the assignor to the United States or any department or agency thereof, whether arising from or independently of such contract, shall create or impose any liability on the part of the assignee to make restitution, refund, or repayment to the United States of any amount heretofore since July 1, 1950, or hereafter received under the assignment. (Public Law 30, approved May 15, 1951).

During the current fiscal year any executive department or independent establishment of the Government ordering printing and binding or blank paper and supplies from the Government Printing Office shall pay promptly by check to the Public Printer upon his written request, either in advance or upon completion of the work, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Public Printer in accordance with the provisions of the Act of August 31, 1951, approved August 31, 1951.

in advance of payment: Provided, That proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of delivered work paid for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly and as may be agreed upon by the Public Printer and the department or establishment concerned. Public Law 168, Approved October 11, 1951.

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary for the National Security Council, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946, (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not in excess of \$50 per diem for individuals; acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; and expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with work related to the activity of the Council; \$160,000. (Public Law 179, Title I, approved October 18, 1951).

Section 3648, Revised Statutes, shall not apply, in the case of payments made from appropriations contained in this Act, (1) to payments made in compliance with the laws of foreign countries or their ministerial regulations, (2) to payments for rent in such countries for such periods as may be necessary to accord with local custom, or (3) to payments made for tuition. (Public Law 179, Sec. 602, approved October 18, 1951).

The appropriations in this Act otherwise available for travel or transportation which are current on date of relief from duty station of personnel traveling under orders may be charged with all expenses in connection with such travel including transportation of dependents and household goods, regardless of time of arrival at destination of such personnel. (Public Law 179, Sec. 605, approved October 18, 1951).

Appropriations contained in this Act available for travel shall be available for all expenses incident to attendance at meetings of technical, scientific, professional, or other similar organizations. (Public Law 179, Sec. 606, approved October 18, 1951).

No part of any money appropriated in this Act or included under any contract authority granted in this Act shall be expended for the payment of any commission on any land purchase contract in excess of 2 per centum of the purchase price. (Public Law 179, Sec. 607, approved October 18, 1951).

Appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries, when required by laws of such countries; payments in advance of expenses determined by the investigating officer to be necessary and in accord with local custom for conducting investigations in foreign countries incident to matters relating to the activities of the department concerned. (Public Law 179, Sec. 610, approved October 18, 1951).

Reimbursement of General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files. (Public Law 179, Sec. 610, approved October 18, 1951).

The exchange of funds for payment of expenses in connection with the operation of diplomatic and consular establishments abroad shall not be subject to the provisions of section 3651 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 543). (Public Law 188, Sec. 104, approved October 22, 1951).

Appropriations under this title available for expenses in connection with travel of personnel outside the continental United States, including travel of dependants and transportation of personal effects, household goods, or automobiles of such personnel, shall be available for such expenses when any part of such travel or transportation begins in the current fiscal year pursuant to travel orders issued in that year, notwithstanding the fact that such travel or transportation may not be completed during the current fiscal year. (Public Law 188, Sec. 105, approved October 22, 1951).

WITHHOLDING OF TAX AT SOURCE--Percentage Method of Withholding-Section 1622 (a) (relating to percentage method of withholding on wages) is hereby amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "except that in the case of wages paid on or after November 1, 1951, and before January 1, 1954, the tax shall be equal to 20 per centum of such excess in lieu of 18 per centum". (Public Law 183, Sec. 201, Approved October 20, 1951).

Appropriations and funds made available by this or any other Act for salaries, wages or compensation for the current fiscal year shall also be available for payment of any tax with respect thereto which is imposed on any department, agency, corporation, or other instrumentality of the United States, as an employer, by the provisions of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1311, Approved November 1, 1951).

Personnel, and appropriations or funds available for salaries and expenses to any department, agency, or corporation in the executive branch of the Government, shall be transferred to any defense activity under the jurisdiction of such department or a agency in such numbers or amounts as may be necessary for the discharge of responsibilities relating to the national defense assigned to such department, agency, or corporation by or pursuant to law. (Public Law 253, Sec. 1312, Approved November 1, 1951).

FISCAL AND SERVICES

SUPPLEMENT FROM FEDERAL REGISTER 13 DECEMBER 1951

The following provisions will apply to all advance payments hereafter authorized; whether pursuant to the Armed Services Procurement Act of 1947 (62 Stat. 21) or pursuant to the First War Powers Act as amended.

SEE PL 110 Sec. 3 (a) & PL 413 SEC. 5 (a) & (b).

(1) Interest will be charged on all advance payments hereafter authorized, at the rate of 4 percent per annum on the unliquidated balance: Provided, however, Advance payments may be approved without interest when in connection with contracts which provide for performance at cost (without profit or fee to the contractor), or, in unusual cases, when specifically authorized by the Assistant Secretary responsible for the controller function. In this connection, contracts for acquisition of facilities at cost, for Government ownership, in combination with or in contemplation of supply contracts or subcontracts, and cost-plus-fixed-fee or other profit-type contracts for the management or operation of Government-owned plants, will be treated as ordinary profit contracts requiring interest on advance payments....

(V) Contracts with interest-free advance payments, hereafter authorized, should provide that the contractor will charge interest at the rate of 4 percent per annum on sub-advances or down payments to subcontractors, and that interest charged on such sub-advances or down payments will be credited to the account of the Government. However, interest need not be charged on sub-advances on nonprofit subcontracts with nonprofit educational or research institutions for experimental, research or development work.

See Federal Register for complete instruction.